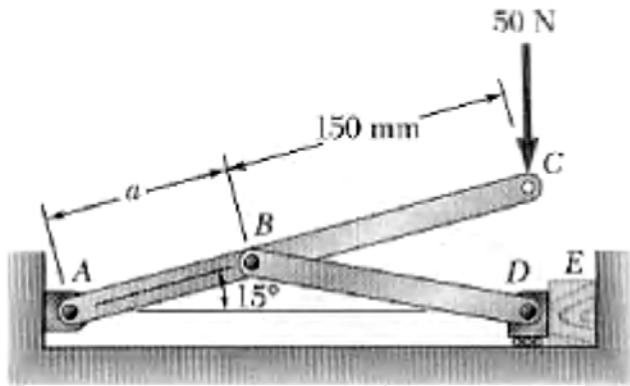


A .

1.

Sila od 50 N djeluje na kraj poluge AC.  
 Ako je dužina  $a=100$  mm odrediti veličinu horizontalne sile koja djeluje na gredicu E.  
 Dužina BD je 150 mm.



2.

Pomoću kočnice prema slici spušta se jednoliko teret Q niz kosinu pod uglom  $\alpha=60^\circ$ .

Ako je sila F na kraju kočnice jednaka 1000 N, odrediti teret Q koji se može zadržati na kosini ako su zadane veličine:

$$r = 20 \text{ cm}$$

$$R = 40 \text{ cm}$$

$$a = 20 \text{ cm}$$

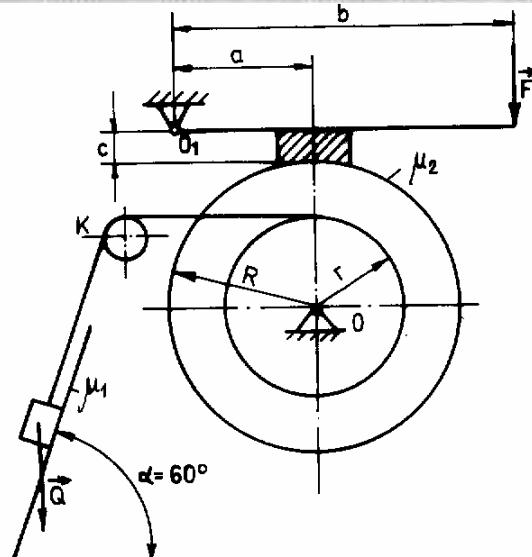
$$b = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$\mu_1 = 0,1 \text{ na kosini}$$

$$\mu_2 = 0,3 \text{ na kočnici}$$

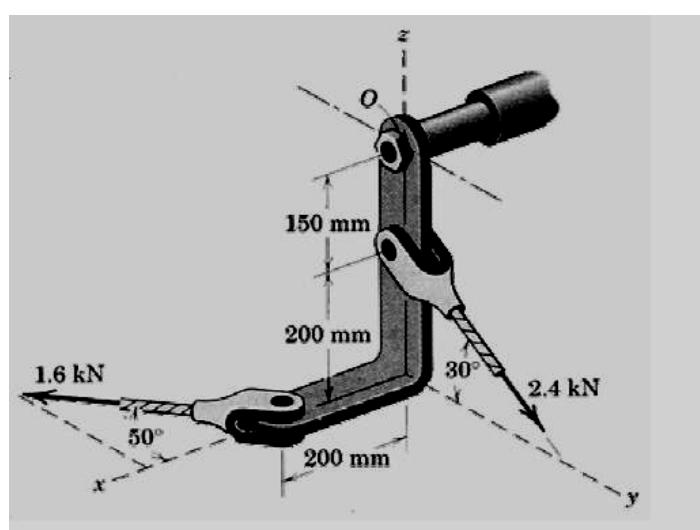
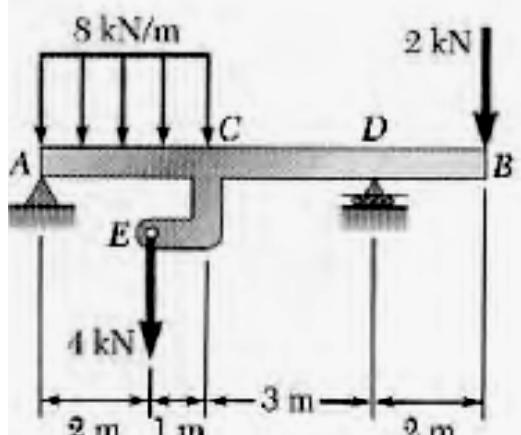
Trenje koturače K zanemariti.



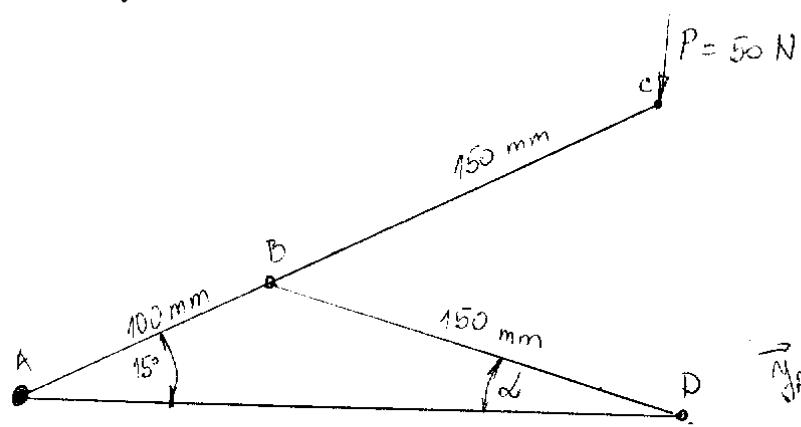
3.

Nacrtati dijagrame momenta savijanja i transferzalne sile u gredi.

4. Naći komponente glavnog vektora za zglob O i komponente momenta za zglob O.



1. zad. grupa A



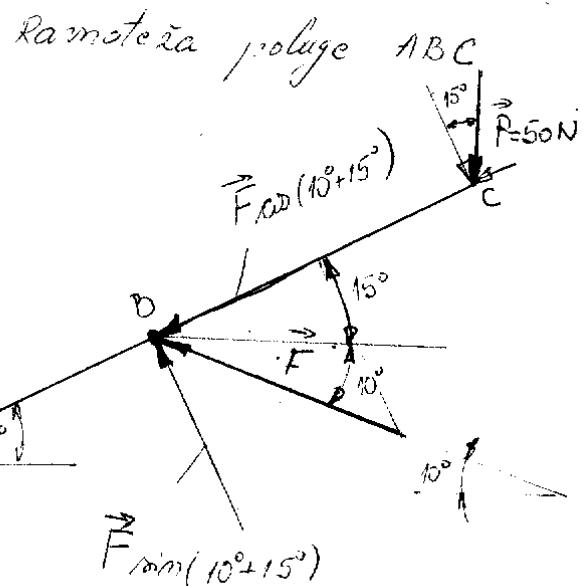
Prijemnom sinusne teoreme odrediti ugao  $\alpha$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{100} = \frac{\sin 15^\circ}{150} / 100$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{\sin 15^\circ}{1,5}$$

$$\sin \alpha = 0,17$$

$$\alpha = 9,9^\circ \approx 10^\circ$$



Na polugu  $\overline{BD}$  nio objeće  
u prečna sila, m.  
moment, pa je  
poluga  $\overline{BD}$  opterećena  
nomo akcijalnom  
silem  $\vec{F}$

Na osnovu uslova ravnoteže:

$\Sigma M_A = 0$  dolara ne  
akcijalna sila u poluci  $\overline{BD}$

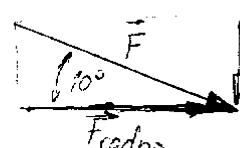
$$F_{\text{min}} 25^\circ \cdot 100 - P \cos 15^\circ \cdot 250 = 0 / 100$$

$$F_{\text{min}} 25^\circ = P \cos 15^\circ \cdot 2,5$$

$$F = \frac{P \cos 15^\circ \cdot 2,5}{\sin 25^\circ}$$

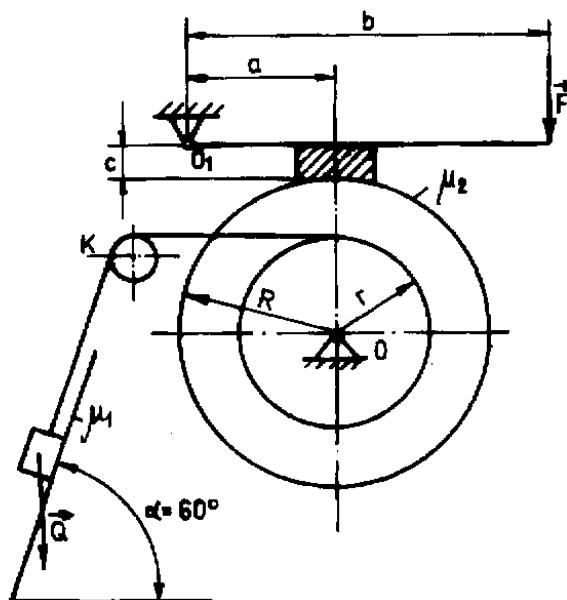
$$F = 284 \text{ N}$$

Horizontalna komponenta  
sile  $F$ , akcija grede:

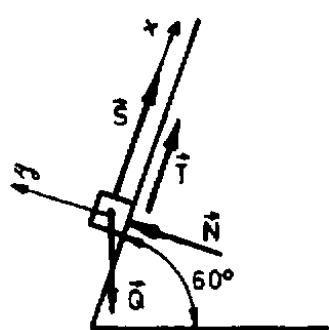
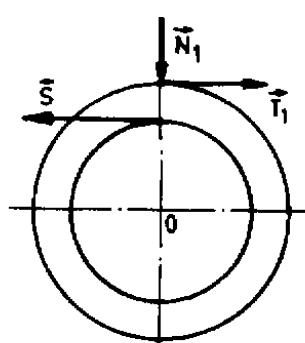
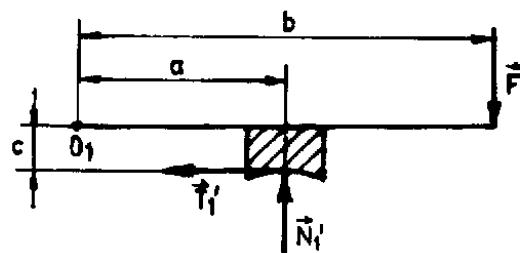


$$F_{\text{frechno}} = F \cos 10^\circ \\ = 279,7 \text{ N}$$

2.A.



Slika 2.12. 1 Kočnica sa dobošem



Pomoću kočnice prema slici spušta se jednoliko teret  $Q$  niz kosinu pod ugлом  $\alpha=60^\circ$ .

Ako je sila  $F$  na kraju kočnice jednaka 1000 N, odrediti teret  $Q$  koji se može zadržati na kosini ako su zadane veličine:

$$r = 20 \text{ cm}$$

$$R = 40 \text{ cm}$$

$$a = 20 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$\mu_1 = 0,1 \text{ na kosini}$$

$$\mu_2 = 0,3 \text{ na kočnici}$$

Trenje koturače  $K$  zanemariti.

Ravnoteža poluge

$$\sum M_{o1} = 0 \quad F \cdot b - N_1 a + T_1 c = 0$$

$$T_1 = \mu_2 \cdot N_1 \Rightarrow N_1 = \frac{T_1}{\mu_2}$$

$$F \cdot b - \frac{T_1 a}{\mu_2} + T_1 \cdot c = 0 / \mu_2$$

$$F \cdot b \cdot \mu_2 - T_1 a + T_1 \cdot c \cdot \mu_2 = 0$$

$$T_1 = \frac{F \cdot b \cdot \mu_2}{a - c \cdot \mu_2} = \frac{1 \text{ kN} \cdot 100 \cdot 0,3}{20 - 8 \cdot 0,3}$$

Ravnoteža kočionog doboša

$$\sum M_o = 0 \quad S \cdot r - T_1 \cdot R = 0 \quad T_1 = 1,7 \text{ kN}$$

$$S = \frac{T_1 \cdot R}{r} = \frac{1,7 \cdot 40}{20} = 3,4 \text{ kN}$$

Ravnoteža tereta  $Q$

$$\sum X = 0 \quad S + T - Q \sin 60^\circ = 0 \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

$$\sum Y = 0 \quad N - Q \cos 60^\circ = 0 \dots \dots \dots (2)$$

$$T = \mu_1 N = \mu_1 Q \cos 60^\circ \dots \dots \dots (3)$$

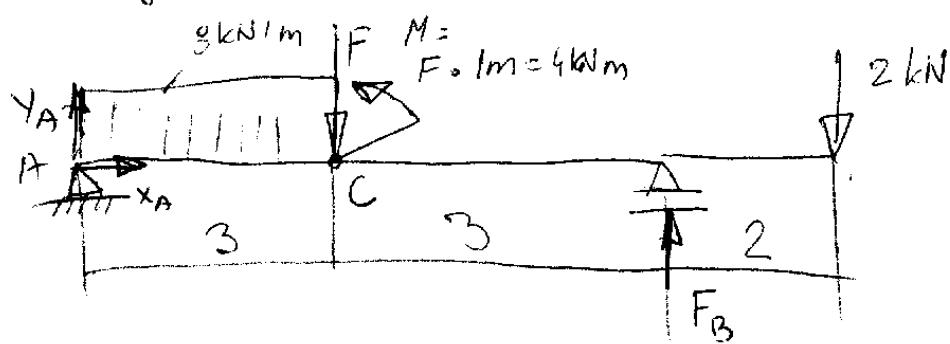
Iz (1) i (3)

$$S + \mu_1 Q \cos 60^\circ - Q \sin 60^\circ = 0$$

$$S = Q (\sin 60^\circ - \mu_1 \cos 60^\circ)$$

$$Q = \frac{S}{0,866 - 0,05} = 9,3 \text{ kN}$$

3. zad. grupa A



$$1. \sum x = 0 \quad x_A = 0$$

$$\sum y = 0 \quad y_A - 24 - 4 + F_B - 2 = 0$$

$$\textcircled{+} \quad \sum M_A = 0 \quad -24 \cdot 1,5 - 4 \cdot 3 + 4 + F_B \cdot 6 - 2 \cdot 0 = 0 \\ -36 - 12 + 4 - 16 + 6F_B = 0$$

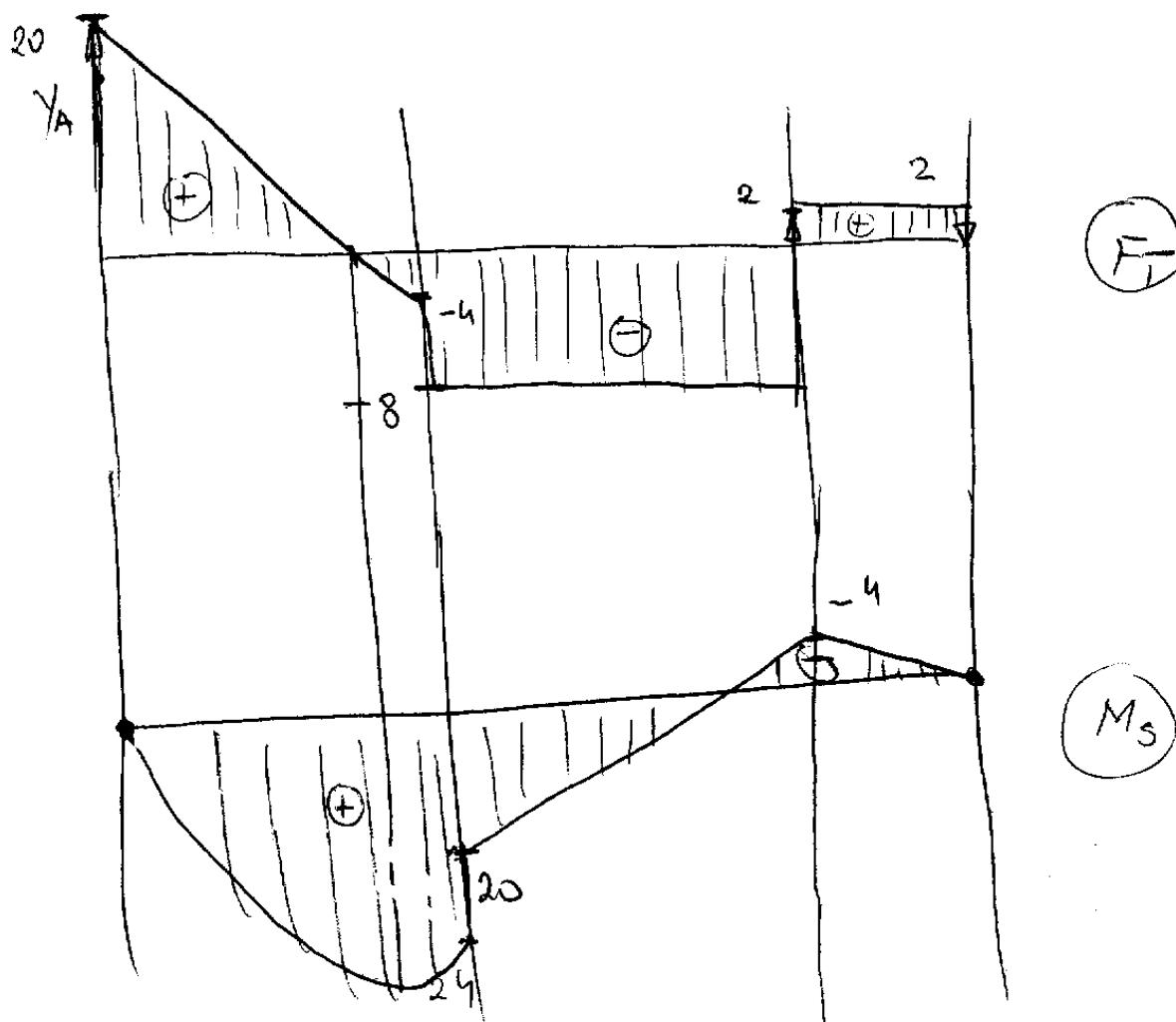
$$6F_B = +60$$

$$F_B = 10$$

$$F_B + y_A = 24 + 4 + 2$$

$$y_A = 30 - 10 = 20$$

$$\textcircled{+} \quad M_{c,e} = y_A \cdot 3 - 24 \cdot 1,5 \\ = 60 - 36 \\ = 24$$



4. grupa A

$$F_x = 1,6 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 50^\circ$$

$$F_y = 2,4 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 30^\circ - 1,6 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 50^\circ$$

$$F_z = -2,4 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 30^\circ$$

$$M_x = 2,4 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 30^\circ \cdot 200 \text{ mm}$$

$$M_y = 0$$

$$M_z = 2,4 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 30^\circ \cdot 150 \text{ mm} - 1,6 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 50^\circ \cdot 350 \text{ mm}$$